

“Legislation of CIS Countries” is a specialized law database in the Russian language:

- ✓ contains legislations of 11 post-Soviet countries such as Azerbaijan, Armenia, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan and Ukraine
- ✓ special section “Foreign Affairs”
- ✓ integrated search engine
- ✓ unified format of documents

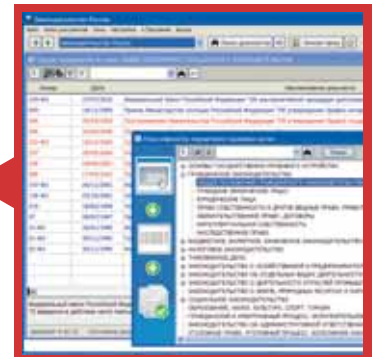


“Legislation of CIS Countries” covers current topical papers, providing comprehensive information on all branches of legislation in each country, as well as documents reflecting the inter-state relations of the CIS countries.

Thanks to close cooperation with the best producers of national databases in the CIS countries and direct contacts with issuers of legal information, all changes are regularly monitored and the content of the database is weekly updated.

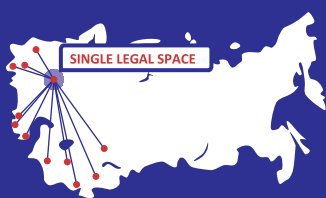
“Legislation of CIS Countries” has advanced interface and integrated search engine that allow you with minimum efforts to keep track of the latest changes in the legislation of a particular country as well as to conduct comparative analysis on rules and regulations of different countries.

To have quick access to the most frequently used documents and monitor the latest changes in the legislation, an authorized user can create a personal folder (Личная папка) to keep track of the necessary information. Saved history of queries and opened documents will save time and make your work more efficient.



Depending on the particular needs and requirements the database provides two kinds of institutional subscription:

- the license depending on the number of simultaneous users
- the license limited by the number of opened documents



# “Legislation of CIS Countries”

## Information sources

The main information sources are national law databases, the issuers of legal information (parliaments and other governmental organizations), as well as print and electronic official publications. Cooperation with owners of national databases and issuers of national legal information is based on long-term agreements.

## Translation of the documents

In most CIS countries the normative legal documents are released in the national and Russian languages.

The national sections Armenia and Turkmenistan can be viewed as unique as there are no legal electronic databases in the Russian language from these countries. They are translated into Russian by high quality translators specializing in law.

## Legal documents in the database

"Legislation of the CIS countries" comprises actual legal documents, their old versions as well as documents that have already lost their legal effect.

In the information card of each document the following features are indicated: type of the document, date of adoption and entry into force, document number, the name of the body issuing the legal document, date of the latest amendments added, information on registration in the Ministry of Justice.

## Documents format

Each document in the database is presented in HTML format. Besides text, documents can involve graphics, formulas and tables. They can contain enclosures in other formats such as: xls, doc, pdf, jpg. The cross references in the documents allow you to move to the required part of the document or open interrelated documents.

## Search engine

Integrated search engine allows browsing documents by country, subject, properties, key words. Chronological search allows users to view documents for a certain period from a certain country.

## Demo version

A small part of documents is freely available in full text at [www.base.spinform.ru](http://www.base.spinform.ru) for demonstration purposes. Full texts of other documents are available only for subscribers.